MATERNAL QUALITY TIME, ADOLESCENTS’ INTELLIGENCE AND SEXUAL ACTIVITIES: ISLAMIC EMPIRICAL AND INTERVENTIONAL MODELS

TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION
The technology is a diagnostic model designed based on family counseling instrument for Muslim society (MSCS) and mother-daughter dyad counseling. This model is found to be valid and reliable inventory for adolescents (ASCI).

TECHNOLOGY FEATURES
The framework enables effective cyber intervention using the Islamic psycho-spiritual method to address adolescent’s cyber-sex compulsive users. Maternal piety and accountability were found to significantly influence the adolescents’ sexual misconduct. Mother-child attachment was the key component of maternal quality time which positively influenced adolescents’ emotional intelligence. Emotional intelligence comprises of four main components such as intrapersonal, interpersonal, spiritual and maturity. There is a significant intercorrelation among the components of Islamic model maternal quality time. This model which combines psychology, economy and Islamic disciplines will encourage quality maternal time between mother and daughter.

ADVANTAGES
- A valid and reliable inventory for adolescent (ASCI)
- An emerging inter-disciplinary theory that combines psychology, economy and Islamic disciplines.
- Based on Islamic Models

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW
Main prospect: Welfare Industry

This particular invention developed instruments called the Maternal Spiritual Characteristics Scales (MSCS) and Adolescent Sexual Conduct Inventory (ASCI) meant to offer intervention for the relapse prevention of adolescents’ sexual misconduct via mother-daughter dyad counselling based on Islamic conceptions of maternal quality time. The Internet is one such media source that more and more people, especially adolescents are using. According to the Malaysian Communication and Multimedia Commission (2008), the number of household Internet users in Malaysia is 2.5 million users, with the highest number coming from the pre-teens and teens (up to 19 years old) (17.9%), followed by 20 to 24 years olds (15.7%). It was also reported that 36.6% are students, mostly in secondary schools and college/university. It was estimated that 4.2 million (12%) of all websites on the Internet are those related to sexual materials or pornography which 25 of them are more popular among the adolescents in Malaysia. Statistics from the Department of Social Welfare indicate that cases of child abuse, especially sexual abuse and neglect, have increased from 2,789 in 2009 to 3,428 in 2011. The report from the same source also reported a number of 507 cases on child abuse and 897 on possible juvenile cases in the second quarter of 2014. This instruments and module would be beneficial for counsellors in Malaysia in tackling of these issues. The Board of Counsellors Malaysia highlighted about 268 registered counsellors that might be able to adopt this module.

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